



SF-7121

B. E. III (Sem. VI) (IC) Examination

May / June - 2011

Process Equipment Design

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks :

Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दशावलि निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य दभवी.
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :
B. E. 3 (Sem. 6) (IC)

Name of the Subject :
Process Equipment Design

Subject Code No. : 7 1 2 1 Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil

Seat No. :

Student's Signature

- (2) Black figures to the right indicate full marks.
(3) Figure to the right indicate maximum marks.
(4) Draw neat figure wherever required.

1 Answer the short questions :

- (i) Find the proper C_v for a valve that must allow 150 gallons of ethyl alcohol per minute with a specific gravity of 0.8 at a maximum pressure drop of 50 psi. 2
- (ii) State any two-performance criteria for valve positioner. 2
- (iii) Draw signal pressure Vs stem travel graph for 2
(a) No plug forces and
(b) With plug forces.
- (iv) What is water hammer ? How it can be corrected ? 2
- (v) Explain : Trim of control valve. 2
- (vi) What is valve noise ? 2
- (vii) State the differences between single port body design and double port body design. 3

- 2 (a) What is 'slow' process ? Discuss effects of positioner on slow process as well as on controller setting used to control slow process. State the different type of valve positioner. 6
- (b) Explain methods to eliminate cavitation. 9

OR

- (c) Explain 'split range' operation in detail. 5
- (b) Define valve coefficient. Discuss various flow characteristics of control valve. 5
- 3 (a) Discuss various globe body designs for control valve. 8
- (b) What is mixed phase flow ? Explain it's effect on gas control valve sizing and how sizing of valve is carried out for mixed phase flow. 7
- OR**
- 3 (a) Explain the butterfly valve with its characteristics. 7
- (b) Brief about valve failure positions achieved by various actuator and inner valve combinations. 4
- (c) Brief about control valve testing. 4
- 4 Answer the short questions :
- (i) Explain following term for solenoid valve. 2
- (a) Maximum differential pressure
- (b) Response time
- (ii) State the purpose of yoke and bonnet. 2
- (iii) What do you mean by high recovery characteristics of valve ? Give example of such valves. 2
- (iv) What is Control chart ? State their uses. 2
- (v) Why guiding is required for plug assembly ? How it is provided in control valve ? 2
- (vi) Define : 2
- (i) Built up back pressure,
- (ii) Blow down.
- 5 (a) According to SPC explain five principles for process control. 8
- (b) What is rupture disc ? Explain composites and reverse bukling type rupture disc. 6
- OR**
- (b) Explain Rupture disc versus Relief valves. 6
- (c) What is $\bar{X}R$ chart ? Brief the steps required preparing it. 6
- 6 (a) What is the use of pressure vacuum relief valves ? Explain pallet type vacuum relief valves. 9
- (b) Explain different methods used to control valve noise. 7
- (c) Brief about valve body material. 2

OR

- 6 (a) How effect of backpressure is minimized in bellow-type safety relief valve. **6**
- (b) 10 samples, each of size 50, of a pipe were inspected in pressure testing. The results of inspection are given below : **8**

Sample No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
No.of Defectives	3	3	2	0	3	3	1	1	2	23

Draw a p-chart and state your conclusion.

- (c) Discuss following accessories of control valve. **4**
- (i) Hand wheel
- (ii) Air sets
